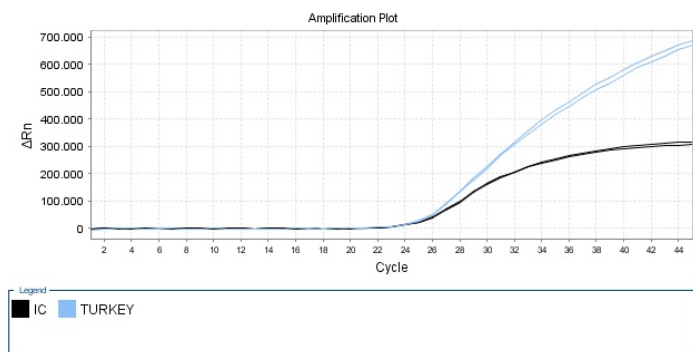
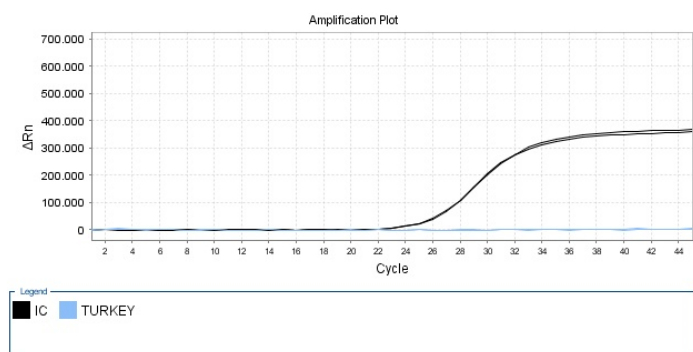


Positive Control –



Negative Control –



12. SPECIFICITY/INCLUSIVITY

- 100 % Exclusivity, determined using non-target DNA species from animal species suitable to occur in the same food products (Tables 1, 2).
- 100 % Inclusivity, determined in food samples obtained from different commercial sources and from External Quality Control (Table 3).

13. SENSITIVITY

The limit of detection (LoD) for SUPREME REAL TIME DETECTION KIT Turkey is 10 pg of target DNA.

The method's detection limit can detect 0.02% of turkey (*Meleagris gallopavo*) DNA in 50 ng of total DNA.

No false negatives were obtained, either in the defined PCR conditions or in the deviations used for robustness, increasing the stringency.



SUPREME

REAL TIME DETECTION KIT

TURKEY

Ref: BIOPSFS-0011

1. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

According to the European Commission Directive 2002/86/EC, food ingredients have to be declared. Species authenticity is highly relevant to consumers for economic, medical, cultural, and religious reasons. Examples like fraudulent substitution of expensive species with cheaper meats, inclusion of meat in vegetarian products, and allergens in food products highlight the importance of this issue. Additionally, meat species must be disclosed on the label with both commercial and scientific denominations to verify the meat's origin and traceability and to analyze the quality control of handling and cleaning processes of production lines. Methods for species detection based on the identification of proteins are not reliable for application in highly processed and heated products due to protein deterioration. DNA is more stable than proteins during processing. Unlike DNA-based methods, traditional protein-based detection methods are unreliable for highly processed and heated products. DNA is more stable, and modern PCR techniques enable the identification of fragmented DNA from the species present in a sample, ensuring accurate and highly sensitive detection with a lower detection limit detection. Real time PCR techniques are suitable for amplifying small fragments of DNA high sensitivity and specificity.

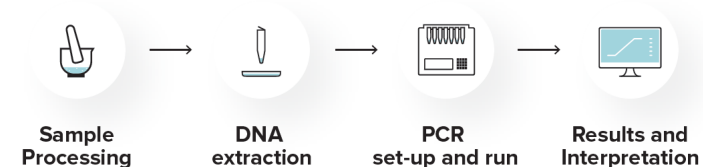
2. INTENDED USE

The SUPREME REAL TIME DETECTION KIT Turkey enables a qualitative detection of turkey (*Meleagris gallopavo*) DNA in food samples by Real Time PCR, after a sample processing step. This DNA is present in the mitochondrial genome and it may be found in processed food and food industry.

The kit includes an Internal Control (IC). The IC is used to evaluate PCR inhibitors in the sample or to evaluate problems that occurred during PCR preparation/amplification. The kit includes a Master mix for the target and IC, primers and TaqMan® probes, labelled with non-fluorescent quenchers. The kit contains Uracil-DNA Glycosylase (UDG), preventing DNA contamination with PCR products. The kit includes a positive control, which allows an evaluation of the primers and probes used to detect the targets, and a negative control (nuclease-free water) to confirm the integrity of the kit reagents.

The kit was validated in the instruments ABI PRISM® 7500 Fast. The kit is compatible with all thermocyclers working in **FAM** and **ROX** channels. The detection kit must not be used for diagnostic procedures. For Food use only.

The procedure includes the following main steps:



3. TRADEMARKS AND DISCLAIMER

Registered names, trademarks, etc. used in this document, even when not specifically marked as such, are not to be considered unprotected by law. BPMP kit handbooks and user manuals can be requested from BPMP or your local distributor.

4. LIMITED LICENSE AGREEMENT

Use of this product signifies the agreement of the following terms: The kit must be used solely in accordance with the respective Instructions for Use. BPMP grants no license under any of its intellectual property to use or incorporate the enclosed components of this Kit with any components not included within this kit except as described in the Instructions for Use. This kit and its components are licensed for one-time use and may not be reused, refurbished, or resold.



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BPMP is certified ISO 9001:2015

5. QUALITY CONTROL

In accordance with BPMR's ISO 9001, each lot of the kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

6. WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Molecular Biology procedures, such as RNA extractions and PCR amplification, require qualified staff to prevent the risk of erroneous results, especially due to sample contamination or degradation of the nucleic acids contained in the samples. It is strongly recommended to have dedicated areas, materials and equipment for the RNA extraction, preparation of the PCR and post-PCR procedures. Workflow in the laboratory must proceed in a unidirectional manner, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area.

- The user should always pay attention to the following:
- Read all the instructions provided before running the assay.
- Do not mix reagents from different batches.
- Wear proper PPE, including disposable gloves and laboratory coats.
- Store and extract positive material separately from all other reagents.

7. CONTENTS AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

The kit should be stored between -20°C and 5°C and protected from exposure to light. Repeated thawing and freezing (>5) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity. Considerate to freeze in aliquots to maintain the performance of the assay.

The kit contains reagents for 100 reactions.

CONTENTS	UNITS	COMPOSITION
Master Mix (blue cap)	2 tube (2 x 683µl)	Buffer, dNTPs, Primers and Probes
Enzymes (yellow cap)	1 tube (1 x 220µl)	DNA polymerase, UDG and storage buffer
Negative Control (clear cap)	1 tube (1 x 130µl)	Nuclease-free water
Positive Control (red cap)	1 tube (1 x 130µl)	Target DNA

8. MATERIAL REQUIRED AND NOT SUPPLIED

- Microcentrifuge
- Laminar Air Flow Cabinets/PCR Cabinets
- Disposable powder-free gloves
- Micropipettes and nuclease-free filter tips
- Real time PCR instrument
- Tubes/Strips/Multiwell plates and accessories specific for each Instrument
- DNA extraction kit (example: BIOPEXT-0609)

9. PROCEDURE

9.1 Sample preparation

Depending on the specific characteristics of the sample, procedures like homogenization and grinding may be necessary before DNA extraction.

9.2 DNA extraction

Use a kit or protocol suitable for DNA extraction from food products, such as BIOPREMIER DNA Extraction Kit from Food (ref: BIOPEXT-0609) or similar. Follow the manufacturer's or authors instructions.

9.3 PCR preparation

A – PCR mix

Always wear gloves for all PCR procedures.

1. Thaw the kit solutions. Mix thoroughly (do not vortex the tube Enzymes) and centrifuge briefly
2. Prepare the reactions, as described below:

CONTENTS	Nº OF SAMPLES	
qPCR reaction	1	10 (10 + 1)
Master Mix	13 µl	143 µl
Enzymes	2 µl	22 µl
Total Volume	15 µl	165 µl

Note: Prepare the PCR reaction for each sample, or in alternative, prepare a Master Mix for the total number of reactions plus 10% (e.g. for 10 samples, prepare a volume for 11). In this case, prepare the Mix in a 1,5mL sterile, nuclease-free tube. Include 2 PCR reactions for the Positive and Negative controls.

3. Mix the prepared Mix by inverting the tube and centrifuge briefly
4. Dispense 15 µL aliquots of prepared Mix into the plate wells or PCR tube
5. For the negative control, pipette 5 µL of Negative Control tube (Clear Cap); Pipette 5 µL of DNA sample per well; and for the positive control, pipette 5 µL of Positive Control tube (Red Cap). Each PCR tube / well should have a final PCR volume of 20 µL
6. Centrifuge briefly the plate wells or PCR tubes
7. Place the reactions into the Real Time PCR instrument.

B – Program set up

Prepare the Real-Time PCR instrument according to the following temperature/time program:

PHASE	TEMPERATURE	CYCLES	TIME	ACQUISITION
Incubation	37 °C	1	15 min	No
UDG Inactivation	95 °C	1	5 min	No
DNA Amplification	94 °C	45	15 s	No
	60 °C		30 s	Collect Data
	72 °C		15 s	No

Sample Volume: 20 µl
Detection format: Hydrolysis Probe
Passive reference dye: None

TARGET	CHANNELS
Detection of Turkey	FAM Excitation at 465 nm, Emission at 510 nm
Detection of Internal Control (IC)	ROX Excitation at 533 nm, Emission at 610 nm

14. DATA ANALYSIS

For analysis of PCR results, select fluorescence display options. Samples with positive Ct-values are considered positive.

Important: Please, also check amplification curves, not only Ct values. Samples should be inspected both in logarithmic and linear scale view and compared with the negative control. Adjust the Threshold, if necessary. Sample results should be assessed after the positive and negative controls have been examined and determined to be valid. If the results of controls are not valid, the sample results cannot be interpreted. Interpretation of PCR-data:

a) Controls

To validate the assay, the controls must have the following results:

	Turkey DETECTION FAM	IC DETECTION ROX
Negative Control	Negative	Positive
Positive Control	Positive	Positive

Note that if the controls do not match these results, the experiment must be repeated.

b) Samples

Interpretation of sample results is summarized in the following table:

Turkey DETECTION FAM	IC DETECTION ROX	INTERPRETATION
Positive	Positive/Negative**	DNA detected, sample Positive for Turkey
Negative	Positive	No DNA detected, sample Negative for Turkey
Negative	Negative	Invalid Result*

*When both Turkey and IC detection are Negative, means the presence of PCR inhibitors in the sample. Dilute the sample or perform another DNA extraction.

** High DNA concentration of the target in the sample can lead to a reduced or absent fluorescence signal of the IC.

Table 1: Food samples tested for validation of the SUPREME REAL TIME DETECTION KIT Turkey

Food samples
Vegetarian meatballs
Chicken steak
Goat cheese
Duck foie gras
Soy
Cow cheese
Duck and chorizo rice
Beef hamburger
Rabbit
Horse meat
Corn
Goose foie gras
Turkey steak
Turkey ham
Poultry sausages
Turkey hamburger

Table 2: List of species used for exclusivity of the SUPREME REAL TIME DETECTION KIT Turkey

Species
<i>Gallus gallus domesticus</i>
<i>Capra aegagrus hircus</i>
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>
<i>Glycine max</i>
<i>Bos taurus</i>
<i>Sus scrofa domesticus</i>
<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>
<i>Equus ferus caballus</i>
<i>Zea mays</i>
<i>Anser anser domesticus</i>

Table 3: Analytical Sensivity of the SUPREME REAL TIME DETECTION KIT Turkey

Food samples	Turkey %	LoD (pg)	[turkey] (pg)	#total	#positive
Turkey steak	100%	10	10	5	5
Turkey ham	100%	10	10	5	5
Poultry sausages	100%	10	10	5	4
Turkey hamburger	88%	12	11	5	5
Analytical Sensitivity					95%