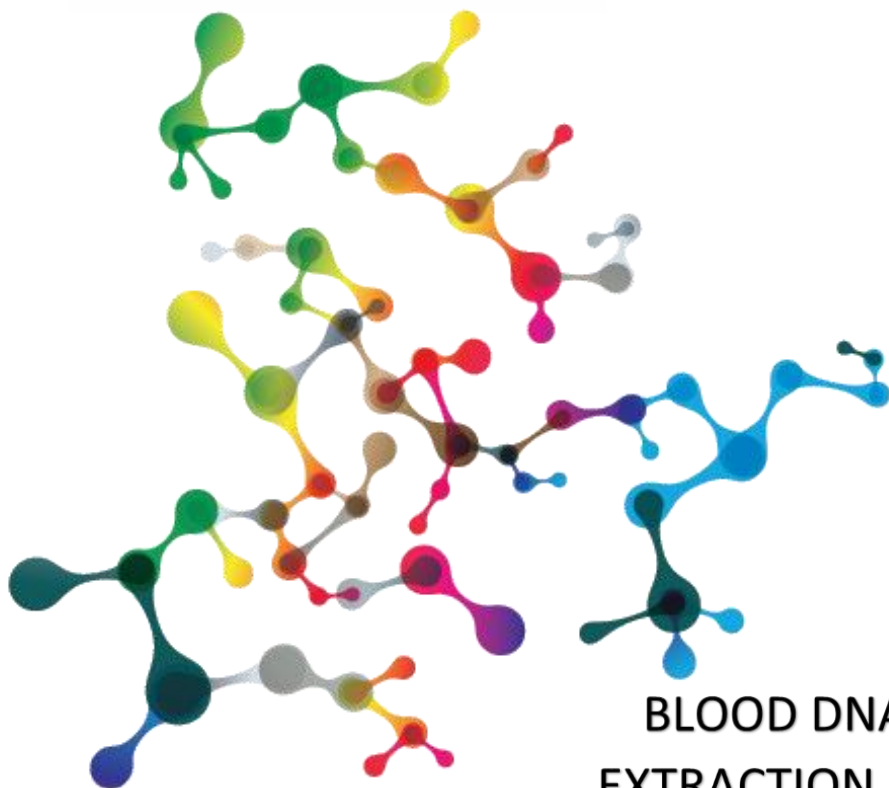




BIOPREMIER



**BLOOD DNA
EXTRACTION KIT**

BIOPEXT-0606

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BPMR is certified ISO 9001:2015

INTRODUCTION AND PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Biopremier BLOOD DNA extraction Kit is designed for the rapid purification of pure genomic DNA from whole blood, serum, plasma, body fluids and dried blood spots.

The procedure involves the processing of either whole blood or DNA isolated from leukocytes, preceded by the lysis of erythrocytes using the RBC Lysis buffer provided in the Kit. Then, lysis is completed by incubation of whole blood in a solution containing chaotropic ions in the presence of Proteinase K at 70°C. Appropriate conditions for DNA binding to the silica membrane are created by the addition of ethanol to the lysate. Contaminants are removed by efficient washing with two different buffers. Pure genomic DNA is finally eluted under low ionic strength in a slightly alkaline Elution buffer and it is ready to use for downstream applications.

Applications:

- **For rapid purification of high-quality, ready-to-use genomic, bacterial, viral DNA isolation from:**
 - whole blood (human or animal; fresh or frozen)
 - whole blood treated with citrate, EDTA and heparin
 - serum, plasma, buffy coat, platelets, body fluids, dried blood spots

Features:

- **No organic extraction or ethanol precipitation.**
- **Complete removal of contaminants and inhibitors for reliable downstream applications.**
- **Typical yield: 4- 6 µg genomic DNA.**
- **Elution volume: 50-200 µL.**
- **High quality DNA obtained that can be directly used in PCR, Southern blot, any enzymatic reaction, cloning, etc.**

CONTENTS AND STORAGE

Component	Volume or unit		Storage
	50 preps	250 preps	
RBC Lysis buffer	50 mL	250 mL	RT
Tissue Lysis buffer	10 mL	50 mL	RT
Lysis/Binding buffer	15 mL	75 mL	RT
Proteinase K *	30 mg	2 x 75 mg	- 20°C
Wash buffer 1 **	18 mL	90 mL	RT
Wash buffer 2 **	10 mL	50 mL	RT
Elution buffer	10 mL	50 mL	RT
Spin columns	50 units	250 units	RT
Collection Tubes	100 units	500 units	RT

If properly stored, see the expiration date for the stability of the Kit. RT: room temperature.

Notes

- * Reconstitute Proteinase K by adding nuclease-free water (Molecular Biology grade) as indicated on the vial(s) and store at -20°C. It is recommended to create several aliquots to avoid freeze-thaw cycles. At this temperature, it is stable for 1 year.
- ** Add ethanol (96-100%) to Wash buffers prior to use as indicated on the bottle(s). Keep the containers tightly capped to avoid ethanol evaporation.

MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- Centrifuge tubes (1.5 – 2.0 mL; 15 – 50 mL)
- Micropipettes and micropipette filter tips (10 – 100 µL and 100 – 1000 µL)
- Vortex
- Microcentrifuge, able to operate up to 15,000 xg.
- Heater block (preferable) or Water bath
- Powder-free gloves
- Ethanol 96-100 %

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- These products are exclusively for *in vitro* use
- The Kit manipulation requires qualified staff to prevent the risk of erroneous results

Do not mix reagents from different batches

Do not use reagents from other manufacturer's products

Wear disposable gloves and laboratory coat when handling specimens and reagents. Use sterile filtered micropipette tips

Avoid contact of specimens and reagents with the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. If these solutions come into contact, rinse with water promptly and seek medical advice immediately

Both the Lysis, Binding buffers and Wash buffer 1 contain guanidine hydrochloride, which can form reactive components when combined with bleach (sodium hypochlorite). It is an irritant agent and for this reason we recommend using gloves and glasses for its manipulation

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available upon request

Waste must be treated and disposed of in compliance with the appropriate safety standards

Clean periodically the working space with a solution of, at least, 5% of sodium hypochlorite

It is strongly recommended to have dedicated areas, materials, and equipment for the DNA extraction, preparation of the PCR and post-PCR procedures

KIT USAGE INFORMATION

The Kit contents should be slightly mixed before use.

Under cool environmental conditions, the Lysis buffer may form a precipitate. In this case, the component should be heated to dissolve the precipitate for approximately 5 minutes at 37°C and thoroughly shaken before use.

PROCEDURE

PRELIMINARY PREPARATIONS

- ▲ Make sure that Proteinase K and Wash buffers were prepared according to “*Contents and Storage*” section, page 2
- ▲ Preheat the Elution buffer at 70°C

SAMPLES

Whole blood samples: Refrigerate to 4°C immediately after collection and during transportation. They are stable for weeks at 4°C.

Serum samples: Blood should be spun at 1000-2000 xg for 10 minutes. Blood serum samples are usually obtained using plain (non-anticoagulated) glass tubes to allow the blood to clot before harvesting the serum and transferring it to a smaller tube for transport. If the extraction is not possible within three days, the plasma and serum should be immediately frozen to -80°C or, at least, -20°C.

Plasma samples: Blood should be spun at 1000-2000 xg for 15 minutes. The plasma samples should be promptly separated from cells and transferred to a 1.5 mL clean tube, while the intermediate layer containing white blood cells and platelets should not be transferred with the plasma. If the extraction is not possible within three days, the plasma and serum should be immediately frozen to -80°C or, at least, -20°C.

Buffy coat: Leukocyte-enriched fraction of whole blood. The preparation of a buffy-coat fraction from whole blood is simple and results in a yield of approximately 5–10 times more DNA than an equivalent volume of whole blood. Centrifuge whole blood at 2,500 xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. After centrifugation, 3 different fractions are distinguishable: the upper clear layer is plasma; the intermediate layer is buffy coat, containing concentrated leukocytes; and the bottom layer contains concentrated erythrocytes.

1. GENOMIC DNA ISOLATION FROM WHOLE BLOOD (leukocytes)

This protocol is for the purification of DNA from leukocytes by performing a selective lysis of the erythrocytes with the RBC Lysis buffer.

If only genomic or mitochondrial DNA is required, this is the ideal method because it produces better results in terms of quality and performance.

⚠ Before starting, preheat Elution buffer to 70°C

Sample preparation

1. Pipette **300 µL** of blood into a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube

Lyse cells step

2. Add **900 µL of RBC Lysis buffer**. Vortex vigorously and incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes
3. Centrifuge at **maximum speed for 1 minute**. Remove the supernatant by decanting and leave 10-20 µl of residual liquid. Vortex to resuspend the pellet

It is recommended to decant the supernatant rather than using a micropipette, as the latter may inadvertently aspirate the small, non-visible cell pellet.

4. Add **180 µL of Lysis Tissue buffer** to the microcentrifuge tube, and add **25 µL of Proteinase K**. Vortex vigorously
5. Apply a short spin down and incubate for **15 minutes at 56°C**
6. Add **200 µL of Lysis/Binding buffer**. Vortex vigorously and incubate for **10 minutes at 70°C**
7. Add **200 µL of ethanol (96-100%)**. Vortex vigorously

DNA binding step

8. Transfer **500 µL of the sample** to a combined Spin column-collection tube assembly

9. Centrifuge at **8,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard flow-through
10. Repeat steps 8 and 9 for the remaining sample
11. Remove and discard the collection tube

Washing step

12. Place the Spin column in a new collection tube and add **500 µl of Wash buffer 1** to the reservoir
13. Centrifuge at **8,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard flow-through
14. Add **500 µl of Wash buffer 2** to the reservoir and centrifuge at **>10,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard flow-through
15. Repeat step 14: add **500 µl of Wash buffer 2** to the reservoir and centrifuge at **>10,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard flow-through
16. Centrifuge at **>10,000 xg for 3 minutes** to remove the residual ethanol



Elution step

17. Transfer the Spin column to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube and pipette **50-200 µL of Elution buffer** (preheated at 70°C) onto the membrane. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes

Decrease the volume of Elution buffer if a higher DNA concentration is desired.

18. Centrifuge at **>10,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard the Spin column and use DNA immediately or store at -20°C

2. GENOMIC DNA ISOLATION FROM WHOLE BLOOD, BUFFY COAT AND BIOLOGICS FLUIDS

-  Before starting, preheat Elution buffer to 70°C
-  This protocol is for purification of total (genomic, mitochondrial and viral) DNA from whole blood, plasma, serum, buffy coat, lymphocytes and body fluids

Sample preparation

1. Pipette **300 µL** of sample into a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube

Use up to 300 µL of whole blood, plasma, serum, buffy coat or body fluids. For volumes less than 300 µL, add PBS to adjust the volume.

If purifying viral DNA, we recommend starting with 300 µL of serum or plasma.

Lyse cells step

2. Add **300 µL of Lysis/Binding buffer** to the microcentrifuge tube and add **25 µL of Proteinase K**. Vortex vigorously (10 – 20 s). Incubate for **15 minutes at 70°C**

The lysate should become brownish during incubation. For older or clotted blood samples, increase incubation time with Proteinase K (up to 30 minutes) and vortex once or twice vigorously during incubation.

3. Add **300 µL of ethanol (96-100%)**. Vortex vigorously

DNA binding step

4. Transfer **500 µL of the sample** to a combined Spin column-collection tube assembly
5. Centrifuge at **10,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard flow-through
6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for the remaining sample
7. Remove and discard the collection tube
8. Proceed to Washing and Elution steps, in procedure #1 “GENOMIC DNA ISOLATION FROM WHOLE BLOOD (leukocytes)” (page 7)

3. GENOMIC DNA ISOLATION FROM DRIED BLOOD SPOTS



Before starting, preheat Elution buffer to 70°C

Sample preparation

1. Place 3 punched-out circle from dried blood spot into 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube
2. Add **200 µL** of PBS and vortex vigorously. Incubate for **10 minutes at 85°C**. Briefly centrifuge to remove drops from the inside of the lid

Lyse cells step


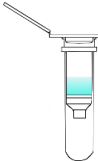
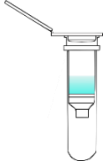
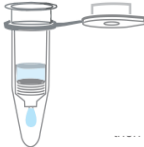
3. Add **200 µL of Lysis/Binding buffer** to the microcentrifuge tube and add **25 µL of Proteinase K**. Vortex vigorously (10 – 20 s). Incubate for **60 minutes at 70°C**
4. Add **200 µL of ethanol (96-100%)**. Vortex vigorously

DNA binding step

5. Transfer **500 µL of the sample** to a combined Spin column-collection tube assembly
6. Centrifuge at **10,000 xg for 1 minute**. Discard flow-through
7. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for the remaining sample
8. Remove and discard the collection tube
9. Proceed to Washing and Elution steps, in procedure #1 “GENOMIC DNA ISOLATION FROM WHOLE BLOOD (leukocytes)” (page 7)

WORKFLOW (1. GENOMIC DNA ISOLATION FROM WHOLE BLOOD (leukocytes)

PROCEDURE 1	
1 SAMPLE PREPARATION	Pipette 300 µL of sample
2 LYSE CELLS	900 µL RBC Lysis buffer RT, 10 min > 10,000 xg, 1 min 180 µL Lysis Tissue buffer + 25 µL Proteinase K; 56°C, 15 min 200 µL Lysis/Binding buffer 70°C, 10 min 200 µL ethanol (96-100%)
3 BIND DNA	Transfer the lysate to the Spin column 8,000 xg, 1 min
4 WASH	500 µL of Wash buffer 1 8,000 xg, 1 min 500 µL of Wash buffer 2 >10,000 xg, 1 min 500 µL of Wash buffer 2 >10,000 xg, 1 min >10,000 xg, 3 min
5 ELUTE DNA	50-200 µL of Elution buffer (preheated at 70°C) >10,000 xg, 1 min

PROCEDURE 2	
1 SAMPLE PREPARATION	Pipette 300 µL of sample
2 LYSE CELLS	<div></div> <div>300 µL Lysis Tissue buffer + 25 µL Proteinase K; 70°C, 15 min</div> <div>200 µL ethanol (96-100%)</div>
4 BIND DNA	<div></div> <div>Transfer the lysate to the Spin column</div> <div>8,000 xg, 1 min</div>
5 WASH	<div></div> <div>500 µL of Wash buffer 1 8,000 xg, 1 min</div> <div>500 µL of Wash buffer 2 >10,000 xg, 1 min</div> <div>500 µL of Wash buffer 2 >10,000 xg, 1 min</div> <div>>10,000 xg, 3 min</div>
6 ELUTE DNA	<div></div> <div>50-200 µL of Elution buffer (preheated at 70°C)</div> <div>>10,000 xg, 1 min</div>

Trouble	Possible Reason	Solution Suggest
Low DNA yield or low DNA purity	Inappropriate storage conditions	The Kit should be stored between +15 and +25°C, except Proteinase K that should be stored at -20°C. The tube and bottle caps must be tightly sealed after each use to maintain the pH values and stability of the Kit components, and to prevent contamination
	Chemicals and sample are not well mixed	The sample should be thoroughly mixed after each chemical addition
	Poor elution	Incubating the column with Elution buffer for 2 minutes at 70°C may increase the yield. Elute the DNA with 50 µL of Elution buffer
No amplification after PCR/qPCR run or the enzymatic reactions are not working	Ethanol residue in DNA isolate	The remaining ethanol after washing steps should be removed by centrifuging the column at >10,000 xg for 3 minutes

QUALITY CONTROL

Each lot of the Kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

TRADEMARK, DISCLAIMER AND PRODUCT USE RESTRICTION

Registered names, trademarks, etc. used in this document, even when not specifically marked as such, are not to be considered unprotected by law. BPMR kit handbooks and user manuals can be requested from BPMR or your local distributor.

The use of this product signifies the agreement of any purchaser or user to the following terms: The Kit must be used solely in accordance with the respective Instructions for Use. BPMR grants no license under any of its intellectual property to use or incorporate the enclosed components of this Kit with any components not included within this Kit except as described in the Instructions for Use. This Kit and its components are licensed for one-time use and may not be reused, refurbished, or resold.

The Kit components are intended exclusively for *in vitro* use, and for research purposes only! BPMR products are intended for general laboratory use only! Molecular Biology procedures, such as DNA extractions and PCR amplification, require qualified staff to prevent the risk of erroneous results. It is strongly recommended to have dedicated areas, materials and equipment for the DNA extraction, preparation of the PCR and post-PCR procedures. The workflow in the laboratory should proceed in a unidirectional manner, from the Extraction Area to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where you performed the previous step. The user should always read all the instructions provided with the product before running the assay. Do not mix reagents

from different batches. Do not use reagents from other manufacturer's products. Wear disposable gloves, laboratory coats when handling specimens and reagents. Use sterile filtered pipette tips. Waste must be treated and disposed of in compliance with the appropriate safety standards.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For additional information, technical support or troubleshooting please contact:
tech.support@biopremier.com

ORDERING INFORMATION

Biopremier offers a large selection of products. Visit www.biopremier.com or contact sales.support@biopremier.com for more detailed product information.